

Regulation of Digital Asset in Thailand

Classification of digital assets



a medium of exchange



participate in an investment in a project or business

goods, services, or specific rights

Securities token is not regarded as cryptocurrency or digital token under the Emergency Decree and are regulated under the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (1992)

Players in Digital Asset Market



Companies offer tokens through a ICO Portal (service provider) Deals screened by ICO Portal before submitting for SEC approval Investors receive financial return or right to receive good/service as specified by token issuers

Intermediaries

- Exchange
- Broker
- Dealer
- Investment Advisor
- Fund Manager
- Custodial Wallet Provider

Investors who wish to obtain crypto/ token, participate in secondary market

**The SEC Board is empowered to exempt certain types of offering/businesses from the provisions of the Emergency Decree

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Thai Digital Asset Market: Overview

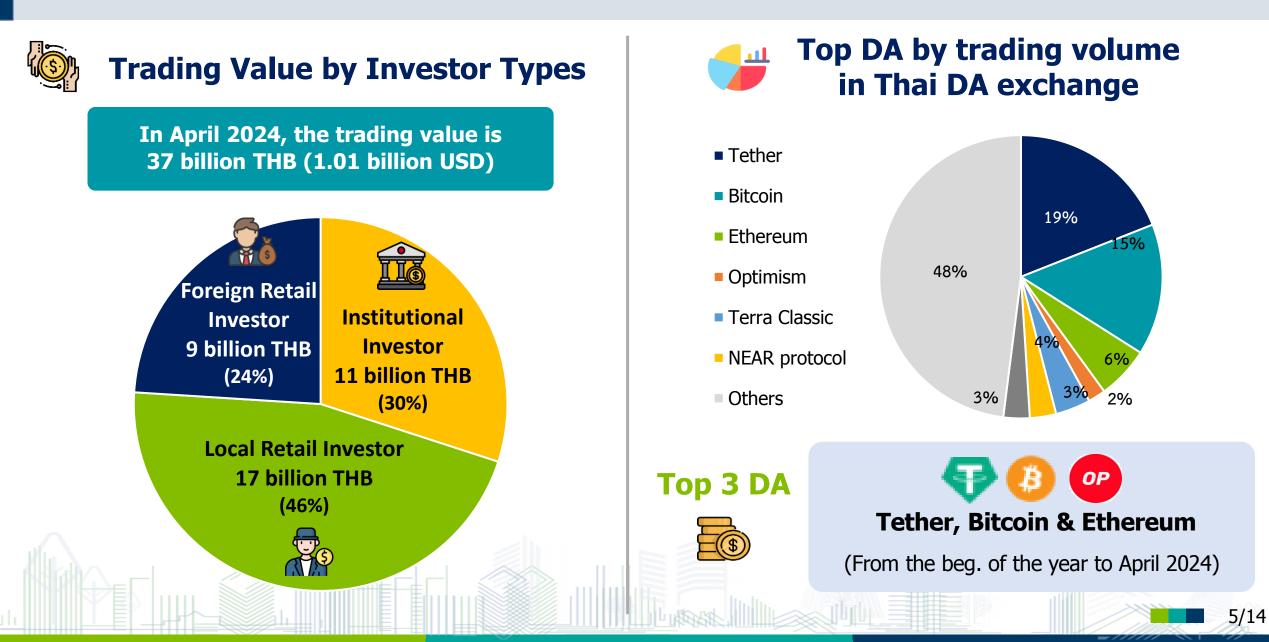
(as of April 2024)

	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	April 2024
	10 Firms	10 Firms	19 Firms	20 Firms	20 Firms
Digital Asset Service Providers	5 Exchanges 2 Exchange & Brokers 1 Broker & Dealer 2 Brokers	4 Exchanges 4 Exchange & Brokers 2 Broker & Dealers 2 Brokers 1 Advisor 1 Fund Manager	5 Exchanges 4 Exchange & Brokers 2 Broker & Dealers 3 Brokers 1 Advisor & Fund Manager 1 Advisor	 4 Exchanges 6 Exchange & Brokers 2 Broker & Dealers 4 Brokers 1 Dealer 2 Advisors 1 Fund Manager 	 4 Exchanges 5 Exchange & Brokers 2 Broker & Dealers 4 Brokers 1 Dealer 2 Advisors 2 Fund Manager
Client's Assets	9.6 Billion Baht (264 Million USD) 170,000 accounts	 114.5 Billion Baht (3.15 Billion USD) 2.27 million accounts 	3 Fund Managers 37.05 Billion Baht (1.02 Billion USD) 2.91 million accounts	61.26 Billion Baht (1.68 Billion USD) 2.12 million accounts*	76.25 Billion Baht (2.09 Billion USD) 2.15 million accounts

*The mentioned number of accounts does not include customer accounts from a business that have been temporarily suspended from operation

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Thai Digital Asset Market: Overview (Cont.')



Thai Digital Asset Market: Approved ICOs



SiriHub Token (2021)

Offering Size: 2,400 Million THB (66 Million USD) Token Type: Investment token (Real-estate backed ICO) Token Holder's Rights: Revenue sharing 4.5-8% APY/

Net asset sale proceed at the end of the project



Destiny Token (2022)

Offering Size: 265 Million THB (7.3 Million USD) Token Type: Investment token (debt-like) & Utility token (Project-based ICO)

Token Holder's Rights:

- 2.99% per year, plus 2.01% if income from the film reach 1 Billion THB
- Right to acquire firm collectibles, such as digital poster, stamp, shirt, discount for movie tickets and to attend exclusive fan activities.

Thai Digital Asset Market: Approved ICOs (cont')



Real X Investment Token 2023

Offering Size: 2,400 Million THB (66 million USD) Token Type: Investment token (Real-estate backed ICO) Token Holder's Rights:

- A quarterly return on the net rental which will be guaranteed net income during the first 5 years of the project not less than 4-5%
- Returns from the sale of condominium units of the project
- Voting right on the Real X investment token's proposal

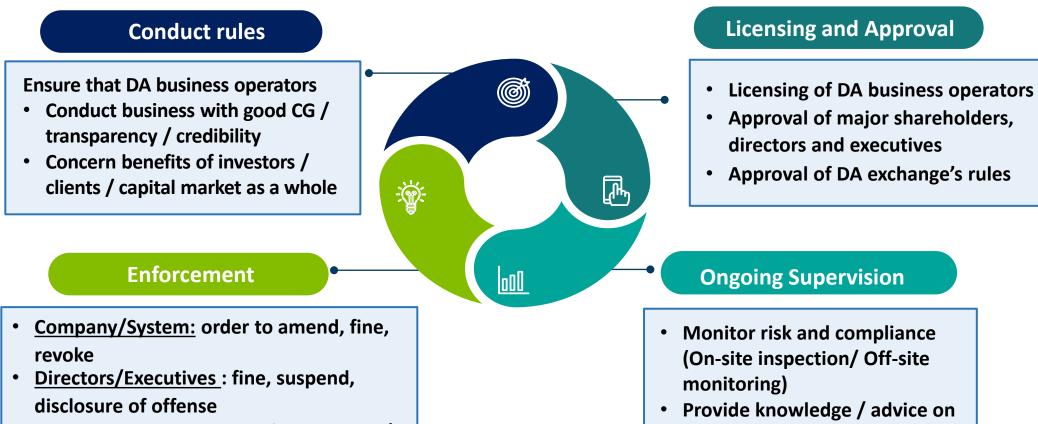
Approved ICO Portals

: 7 operators

As of May 2024, there are more than 18 companies that intend to raise fund through an ICO and are currently consulting with the SEC team.

Total ICO value since 2018 is around 140 Million USD

Digital Asset Businesses: Regulatory Framework



 Inspect and process clients' complaints / unlicensed

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business rules

Sanctions under the Emergency Decree on Digital Asset Businesses B.E. 2561



• The contravention or failure to comply with the Emergency Decree is subject to criminal provisions, and the degree of penalties are comparable with those of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535.

Criminal Sanctions

- Offering of digital tokens without approval
- □ Disclosure of any false information
- Operate digital asset businesses without a license
- □ Unfair digital asset trading practices
- Being/using a nominee in committing an offence

Civil Sanctions

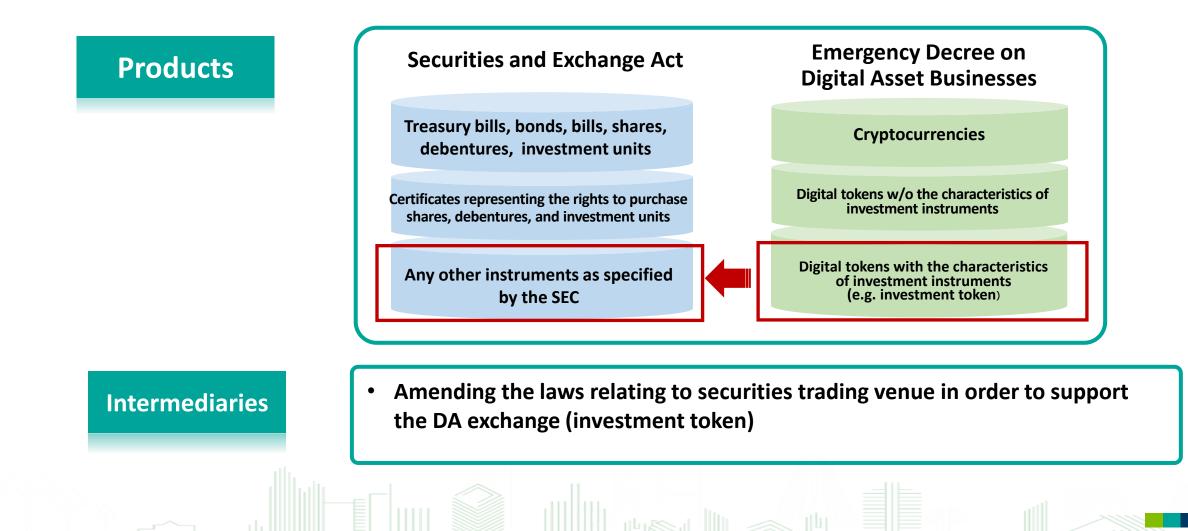
- □ Disclosure of any false information
- Unfair digital asset trading practices
- Being/using a nominee in committing an offence

Example of the enforcement under Emergency Decree on Digital Asset Businesses B.E. 2561

	Offence	Enforcement	Cause
Pe		 Revoke the license of the business operator 	 Such business operator uses its parent company's system, which got cyber-attacked, and was unable to rectify its operations within the license activation period.
			 Such business operator was inspected and found that the company structure and operating systems were inadequate for business operations and were unable to rectify the operations within the specified time.
	Performing duties	 Business operator, director and market maker shall be fined and prohibited from acting as director or executive. 	 Wash trade.
		 Accusation shall be submitted to CCIB for consideration of further legal action. Business operator and its director shall be fined. 	 Such business operator fails to comply with the trading service rules by suspending the service without notifying the customer at least 24 hours in advance.
2	Unfair digital asset trading practice	 Executive shall be fined and prohibited from acting as a director or executive. 	 Executives of the business operator's affiliates use inside information to trade digital tokens issued by the business operator (exchange token).
IVED	Operate digital asset businesses without a license	 Accusation shall be submitted to ECD for inspection or prosecution. 	 Foreign business operators solicit Thai investors to use their services via websites and Facebook pages.

Long-termed regulatory approach

Amending the Securities and Exchange Act BE 2535 (1992) in order to move digital tokens with the characteristics of investment instruments (e.g. investment token) under the definition of "securities" under such act



Long-termed regulatory approach (cont')

Amending the Emergency Decree on Digital Asset Businesses Act. B.E. 2561 (2018) to supervise DA that are appropriate in accordance with the characteristics and risks based on the "same activity, same risk, same regulatory outcome" principle



International Standards



<u>IOSCO</u>

- Crypto-Assets and Digital Assets Recommendations (will be finalized by the end of 2023)
- DeFi Recommendations (will be finalized by the end of 2023)

<u>FSB</u>



- FSB high-level recommendations for regulation, supervision and oversight of crypto-assets and markets (published in July 2023)
- FSB high-level recommendations for global stablecoins (GSCs) (published in July 2023)
 - Policy implications of DeFi (expected to be completed by the end of 2024)
 - Policy implications of multi-function crypto-asset intermediaries (expected to be completed by the end of 2024)



Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures

CPMI and IOSCO

- Potential advantages and challenges associated with CBDCs and other digital forms of money for cross-border payments (published in July 2023)
- Authorities' responsibilities for stablecoin arrangements under the Principles for financial market infrastructure (PFMI)
- Risks associated with multicurrency and asset-linked stablecoins (in process of clarifying)

Thank You

